

Laboratorul nr. 5:

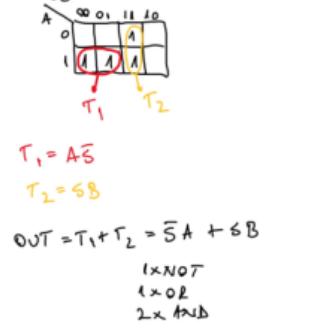
$$111 = 1 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 = 7$$

CBA MSB LSB

MUX: $S=0 \Rightarrow OUT=A$

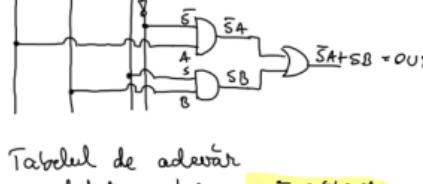
$S=1 \Rightarrow OUT=B$

S	B	A	OUT
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1



S	B	A	OUT
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

Schemă cu porti:



Tabloul de adevarat completat pe baza măsurătorilor

S	B	A	OUT
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

OUT măsurat = OUT teoretic

\Downarrow
multiplexorul funcționează corect

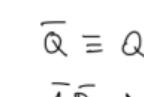
(1b) $A = 1001$
 $B = 0110$
 B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4
Dacă $S=0 \Rightarrow OUT=? \Rightarrow OUT=A$
 $S=1 \Rightarrow OUT=?$

A	B	S	OUT
1001	0110	0	1001 = A
1001	0110	1	0110 = B

(1c) MUX 4x1

OUT = SOP

$$OUT = A\bar{S}_2\bar{S}_1 + B\bar{S}_2S_1 + CS_2\bar{S}_1 + DS_2S_1$$



front următor \leftarrow

front desurmător \rightarrow

$$\bar{Q} \equiv Q'$$

$$\bar{A}\bar{B}CD = A'D'C'D$$

(4.) Decodator BCD - decimal

2 bici \rightarrow 4 valori
 $0, 1, 2, 3$.

A + B	OUT (decimal) \rightarrow LED
00	0 OUT 1
01	1 OUT 2
10	2 OUT 3
11	3 OUT 4

OUT 1 \equiv SOP

$$OUT 1 = \bar{A}\bar{B}$$

$$OUT 2 = \bar{A}B$$

$$OUT 3 = A\bar{B}$$

$$OUT 4 = AB$$

$4 \times AND$.

